REVERSE LINKAGE
DEVELOPMENT THROUGH SOUTH-SOUTH COOPERATION

PLATFORM DEVELOPMENT FOR MOBILE-BASED FINANCIAL SERVICES

ENHANCING FINANCIAL INCLUSION IN MAURITANIA

MAURITANIA (RECIPIENT)
TUNISIA (PROVIDER)
THE CHALLENGE

In Mauritania, access to the information and communication technology (ICT) infrastructure has been improving in recent years. Mobile network coverage reached 94% of the country, and the total number of subscribers for these networks exceeded the country’s population.

The ICT stakeholders in Mauritania have not yet leveraged the ICT infrastructure to produce user-applications that save Mauritanians time and effort and ease business transactions, especially across the scattered cities and villages. Therefore, most of the population have no access to financial services such as payment and cash transfer, hence suffering from financial exclusion.

The Mauritanian Post Corporation (MauriPost) enjoys the trust of the Mauritanian society and has experience in providing certain financial services through its offices for a long time. MauriPost is mandated to improve financial inclusion by automating cash transfers and digitizing public services. However, it does not have sufficient technological and human capacity to fulfill its mandate.

THE SUPPLY

The Tunisian Post became an autonomous public institution in 1998, with a history dating back to 1847. With 1,030 offices, its services are highly accessible to Tunisian citizens.

The Tunisian Post began providing digital wallet and mobile payment services in 2015, through basic mobile phone, under the name e-Dinar. Then, Tunisian Post started a collaboration with a Tunisian private start-up company named DigitUs, to establish a new platform for digital financial transactions “DigiCash”, based on smartphone and internet connectivity.

The DigiCash platform provides Tunisian citizens with the services of recharging, cashing, credit transfer, invoice payment, pension payment, scholarship payment, and loan repayment. The front-end of DigitCash is a user application that can be downloaded on a mobile phone or run on a personal computer. Each digital account is linked to an actual account in the Tunisian Post. Within a year, the clients of DigiCash reached 450,000, generating about 1.9 million transactions.
THE MATCHMAKING

Through Mauritania’s Member Country Partnership Strategy (MCPS), the Islamic Development Bank (IsDB) is supporting the Government of Mauritania in its aims to enhance and diversify the foundations of a modern economy. Improving financial inclusion, while capitalizing on Mauritania’s ICT infrastructure, is an effective mean of realizing this objective.

The Tunisia Agency for Technical Cooperation (ATCT) is a historical and strategic partner of IsDB. The two institutions hold regular consultative meetings to explore opportunities to transfer Tunisian expertise. Tunisia’s MCPS also identified Mauritania as one possible recipient of Reverse Linkage projects.

Accordingly, the potential to fulfill MauriPost’s needs through the Tunisian Post’s capacities was agreed. The IsDB then coordinated and funded a peer-to-peer consultation process to undertake detailed diagnosis of the current capacities of MauriPost. This process resulted in formulating a Reverse Linkage project for establishing a mobile-based financial services platform in Mauritania, benefiting from the Tunisian expertise, and building the MauriPost’s necessary capacities for running and sustaining this platform.

THE PROJECT

GOAL
The project aims to increase access and improve the security and speed of financial services in Mauritania, leading to enhanced financial inclusion.

MAIN ACTIVITIES
• Setting up a mobile-based financial services platform, which is based on Cloud architecture.
• Developing and deploying standard services, namely cash transfer and scholarship distribution.
• Developing MauriPost Digital Strategy to set the principles and orientations that it will adopt while providing mobile payments.
• Analyzing the requirements of digitizing the financial services of eight public and private entities, including the National Electricity Company, National Water Company, mobile network operators, and National Social Security Center.
• Developing and rolling out Mauritania-specific services, such as paying the bills of public services and paying the monthly pensions for retirees.
THE WINS FOR ALL

Upon project completion, MauriPost will be positioned as a major player for the promotion of digital transactions and electronic commerce, playing its expected role as a facilitator of financial inclusion.

The project will be beneficial to both Mauritanian citizens and institutions. Mauritanian citizens will benefit from highly available, secure, and affordable financial services. Institutions will be able to improve their cash flow and reduce the administration cost of cash collection.

The project will enable the Tunisian Post to increase its international presence in the market of mobile payments. It will open new avenues for the Tunisian Post to work in other countries in West Africa, and providing financial services to travelers between Tunisia and Mauritania.

The IsDB 10-year Strategic Framework recognizes capacity development as crosscutting strategic pillar that underpins economic and social development. The project is in line with this notion, introducing a new platform for automated financial services, which can serve any sector and improve the financial inclusion in general.

DURATION
One year, from 2019 to 2020.

MONITORING AND EVALUATION
Project coordinators, one each from Mauritania and Tunisia, will handle the day-to-day project work. A joint coordination committee of representatives from all project partners will be established, meeting four times throughout the project to review progress against expected results, and proposing corrective actions if needed.

- Implementing a communication campaign to inform the Mauritanian citizens about the launch of the new services.
- Training MauriPost to operate the new platform, covering both frontline and backend functions.
- Providing two levels of technical support to end users, by MauriPost and Tunisian Post.
The IsDB is matching Mauritania’s needs with Tunisia’s experience so that the two countries will cooperate to improve the financial inclusion in Mauritania.

### CONTRIBUTION (US$ THOUSANDS)

- **Mauritania** (Recipient)
  - Government of Mauritania: 143
  - ISDB: 280

- **Tunisia** (Provider)
  - Government of Tunisia: 407
  - ISDB: 17% of 407 = 69.2

### PERCENTAGE (%)

- ISDB: 34%
- Government of Tunisia: 49%
- Government of Mauritania: 17%

The project commences in 2019 and runs until 2020.
It is at the center of the IsDB’s mandate to promote cooperation among its member countries.

In 1981, the Makkah Declaration of the Third Islamic Conference Summit called the OIC member countries to strengthen collaboration, to utilize and foster their talents, skills and technological capacities. The Bank responded and launched its Technical Cooperation Program in 1983. This has then been scaled up via what we call Reverse Linkage.

The structured skills swap under Reverse Linkage helps the recipient country diagnose and analyze a problem while the provider country shares its proven knowledge and expertise to find a solution.

The idea that all partners have something to gain from cooperation lies at the heart of Reverse Linkage.

The learning process is reciprocal, knowledge transfer is in both directions, and benefits are mutual.